

1889 "Strong as the Strongest" 1912

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One Dollar starts an account.

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## The Savings Bank of Richmond

1117 East Main Street (Banking Block)

United States Depository for Postal Savings Funds

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1889 "Safe as the Safest" 1912

BUYERS OF SEALS  
GET CERTIFICATES

Membership in the State Antituberculosis Association and a certificate of that fact, duly signed, is the latest inducement offered those who will buy the Red Cross seals, now on sale in most of the stores.

Certificates of membership, with only the space for the name left blank, have been forwarded to most of the agencies in the State, with instructions to issue a certificate of membership to every purchaser of 200 seals. Captain W. W. Baker, the veteran legislator, president of the State Antituberculosis Association, in authorizing this action yesterday expressed the hope that it would appeal to those who have not yet purchased seals.

"I think every Virginian should be proud to belong to this association," said Captain Baker yesterday. "We have no annual dues, and we enroll all the members of all the local antituberculosis associations; but the parent body stands for unending warfare against the greatest enemy of the people's health."

"I have instructed the secretary to send certificates to all the local agents and to authorize them to issue these to all purchasers of 200 seals. It will not, of course, be possible to place the certificates at all the subagencies in all the cities, but they can be had at the principal agencies. Persons who have already purchased this number of seals may get certificates along with the others."

"How is the sale going?" Captain Baker continued. "Finely. Of course the rush hasn't begun yet, but the people are buying enough seals to demonstrate that they are heart and soul united to stamp out the white plague."

OFFICERS LACK  
PRACTICAL WORK

Officers of the Virginia Volunteers are now interested in the opinions just expressed by Brigadier-General Ramsey D. Potts, and given such wide publicity, to the effect that as a result of the existing system of instruction, officers of the organized militia are unduly advanced in the theory of warfare, while practically they are ignorant of elementary principles. It is generally admitted that there is much truth in what General Potts says, but the members of the service do not know where the remedy lies, under the circumstances.

National Guard officers in most cases can pass creditable examinations in map reading, says General Potts, yet many of them are lost if put in command of a company in the field. Approval is given the War Department's plan to have officers go to army posts and serve there as extra officers of the regular army.

Yet the constant change in the personnel of the National Guard presents never-ending difficulties. So pronounced is this that in preparing for the army maneuvers of next year, the War Department is taking into account the fact that 60 per cent of the militia will be new to the service, and that 40 per cent of the officers have never commanded a company outside of the confines of an armory. Half the militia has never tried the new infantry drill regulations except within restricted walls.

**Wanted in Norfolk.** The police yesterday were asked to look for Dave Wingfield, alias Dixie Fields, twenty-five years old, who is wanted in Norfolk on a charge of grand larceny.

CENTENARY HAS  
ITS CENTENAL

Methodist Church Has Been a  
Separate Congregation for  
One Hundred Years

## SERVICE TO MARK EVENT

Has Occupied Present Home  
Since 1842—First Home on  
Marshall Street.

Centenary Methodist Church, one of the strongest congregations of the denomination in Richmond, and one of the leading churches in the Virginia Methodist Conference, will today observe its centennial anniversary. The church was founded 100 years ago, as Shockey Methodist Church, by a small number of persons, who withdrew from Trinity Church, the oldest Methodist congregation in the city.

The services in celebration of the anniversary will be simple. There will be special music, and Rev. W. J. Young, D. D., who enjoys, with Rev. R. N. Sidd, the distinction of being the only minister to serve the charge a full four years and later be returned for another stay, will preach a sermon on "A Hundred Years of a Church's Life."

From a small beginning the congregation has grown until it now has a total membership of 592. Only the Union Station among all Methodist churches in Richmond has a larger number on its rolls.

**First Known as Shockey Church.** The congregation first occupied a small building on Marshall Street, between Fourth and Fifth Streets, which was begun in 1811 and occupied the following year, the exact date not being known. The house then built still stands, although it is now scarcely recognizable, having been altered in order to make it suitable for mercantile purposes.

While the date on which the congregation first began to worship in the Shockey Methodist Church is uncertain, it is definitely known that the edifice was dedicated by Rev. Thomas Logan Douglas. The denomination had not then divided along sectional lines, and Shockey Church was an integral part of the unified organization.

At the year 1839 approached, Methodists in both England and America began preparations for celebrating the centenary of Wesley's separation from the Anglican Church. The observation in America took the form of a campaign to raise large sums of money for church purposes, the funds so secured being left to the disposal of local congregations. Part of the money raised in Richmond by Trinity Church and Shockey Church, which still remained the only two Methodist congregations in the city, was applied to the erection of a new home for Shockey Church.

The new church was dedicated in the year 1842, but since it was undertaken in 1839 and stood as a centennial monument, it was decided to change the name from Shockey Church to Centenary Methodist Church.

Rev. Edward Wadsworth preached the dedicatory sermon, and Rev. George W. Nolley was the first pastor. When the congregation moved to the new church, the old one was sold for the sum of \$2,200.

**Building of 1842 Still Retained.** A number of alterations and improvements have given the building erected in 1842 a seating capacity of about 1,000 persons. In 1904 an addition was made to the rear, in order to permit the installation of a new pipe organ, and an exterior addition had been made to the front of the building.

Since 1842 three churches have been formed in Richmond as offshoots from Centenary Church. They are Laurel Street Methodist Church, first organized as Oregon Chapel, first Place, and as Oregon Chapel, first Place, and as Oregon Chapel, first Place.

Rev. W. J. Young, who is now serving the second year of his second pastorate at Centenary Church, came to it first in 1903. He stayed the full four years allowed, and was removed in 1907, only to return in 1911.

Thomas H. Lambeth, the grand-father of Rev. Graham H. Lambeth, now editor of the Baltimore and Richmond Christian Advocate, was one of the six original trustees of the present church edifice. The others were Richard Whitfield, William Evans and Henry Tatum.

## BARBEE PAROLED

Brother of Man Accused of Burglary Tells Court His Mind Is Not Strong.

S. G. Barbree, twenty-one years old, accused of larceny and burglary, was paroled yesterday morning by Police Justice Crutchfield in the custody of his brother, William Barbree, an attorney of Durham, N. C. The brother told Justice Crutchfield that the prisoner's mind was weak. He came to Richmond several weeks ago and his family thought he was at work until word was received that he was in serious trouble. The complainants against him joined in the plea for leniency.

## RETURNED TO JAIL

Road Work Proved Too Heavy for J. K. Kaufman, Aged County Prisoner.

J. K. Kaufman, the aged man convicted at the last term of Henrico County Circuit Court of stabbing Peter Tyler, and who has been serving a road sentence in expiration of his crime, was yesterday returned to the county jail. Kaufman had caught a severe cold, which made it dangerous for him to remain longer on the road force.

When Kaufman was first sent to the roads the cold caused considerable adverse comment on account of his advanced age and infirm health. Under the law, however, there was no method of preventing his working on the road gang, and he was allowed to stay there. His return to the jail excited little surprise among county officials.

Kaufman's offense, committed last July, was somewhat remarkable in the criminal records of Henrico County. The old man, it was said, invited Tyler to ride with him in his buggy one night when the two met on a county road. Tyler accepted, and was later found stabbed and unconscious by the roadside. A blood-clotted knife, however, was found in the trunk of the buggy. Kaufman said at first that he had not had any companion on his ride.

Kaufman's jail sentence will be completed on December 22, twelve days having been taken off for good behavior. He has said that he will then pay the fine of \$100 imposed along with three months' imprisonment, in which event he will be released from custody.

OSTEOPATHS GO  
TO BRISTOL NEXT

Annual Meeting of Virginia Society Held in Jefferson Hotel Yesterday.

Discussion of the strict enforcement of the recent antichiropractors act passed by the last Legislature formed one of the principal topics of the annual meeting of the Virginia Osteopathic Society, which was held yesterday in the Jefferson Hotel. Whatever was the decision arrived at by the committee, nothing was given out in this regard for publication. It is understood upon reliable information that the society intends to proceed against chiropractors that remain in the State in defiance of the new statute.

The officers elected for the coming year are Dr. S. H. Bright, of Norfolk, president; Dr. M. L. Richardson, of Norfolk, vice-president, and Dr. W. D. Bowen, of Richmond, secretary and treasurer. The greater portion of the day was given over to the discussion of professional questions, in which the delegates in general indulged. Interesting papers were read by Dr. E. H. Shaekeford, of Richmond, and Dr. George E. Faut, also of this city.

Bristol was chosen as the meeting place of the next session of the society, which will be held in June, 1913. The morning session was opened at 10 o'clock by Dr. J. Meek Wolfe, of Bristol, president, and the address of welcome was delivered to the visitors by Dr. W. D. Bowen on behalf of the city of Richmond. Between the morning and afternoon sessions a dinner was served to the visitors. The meeting was well attended and is considered to have been satisfactory in every respect.

## CHEMISTS WANT LIBRARY

Club Indorses Proposal to Establish Public Library in Richmond.

The chemists' club recently added its indorsement to the general movement for a public library in Richmond, and appointed Dr. E. W. McGrudder, Dr. E. C. Bingham and Prof. W. E. F. Ridd a committee to cooperate with the general committee of the Richmond Education Association.

As announced yesterday in The Times-Dispatch, the Education Association is planning to begin a general campaign for the establishment of a public library. A number of organizations have given the proposal their unanimous indorsement.

## REPORTED HOLD-UP

Two Young White Men Said to Have Attempted to Rob Caroline Farmer.

A report was made to the police yesterday morning about 1 o'clock, attempted to hold up and rob E. G. Carmel, sixty-seven years old, a farmer of Caroline County, at Hatch's tobacco warehouse, sixth and Cary streets, but were frightened away.

When Detective Atkins started an investigation of the case he was unable to locate Carmel, who had returned to his home. It was said Carmel came to Richmond for purpose of selling tobacco. Reports conflicted whether anything was taken from him.

The men went to the warehouse Friday night and asked permission to spend the night. He seated himself near a stove and the two men, who were said to have overpowered him.

## The Council Committee Meetings.

The calendar for meetings of the City Council committees for the coming week follows:

Monday—Streets, 8 o'clock; Cemeteries, 8 o'clock; Water, 8 o'clock; Relief of the Poor, 8 o'clock; Street Cleaning, 8 o'clock; Liquor, 8 o'clock.

Tuesday—Finance, 8 o'clock; Ordinance, Charter and Reform, 8 o'clock; Improvement of James River, 8 o'clock; Electricity, 8 o'clock.

Wednesday—Rules, 8 o'clock.

Thursday—Grounds and Buildings, 8 o'clock.

STREETSCROWDED  
WITH BOY BEGGARS

Youngsters Engage in Troubling Public With Requests for Gifts.

Richmond is infested at this time with small boys begging pennies for Christmas. Small tin boxes with openings rudely cut in one end serve as receptacles, and the public is asked to give interminably.

Beginning last year with bootblacks, the practice has spread this season to newsboys. The purchase of a paper is accompanied by presentation of a tin box with request for a penny or a nickel "for a Christmas gift." It is by no means confined to the youngsters who earn money by their own labors. Boys who have no particular employment, but who go to school, are met on every corner begging.

They infest the hotel lobbies, crowd the poolrooms and barrooms until the owners spy them and put them out, whereupon they watch a chance to re-enter. They get in shoe-shining establishments, cigar stores and everywhere else, to the weariness of flesh and vexation of spirit of men who are making an effort to attend to their business duties.

Aside from the annoyance to the public, it is a matter of comment that the most disastrous results are to the boys themselves, in whom is developed a habit of mendacity, and in whom is fostered what many regard as the most baneful and dangerous of all American tendencies of the day—the desire to get something for nothing.

## Richmond's Greatness

Following our mention yesterday of the action of the Chamber of Commerce in welcoming the Kline Motor Car plant to our growing city, we want to further endorse their action and suggest that public notice be taken of another new enterprise which has lately launched a great business backed by capital and energy—The Westmoreland Candy Company. We feel that the individuals who supply capital and brains to further such undertakings deserve recognition from the public, as they stimulate the entire business interests of the city and give employment to numbers of wage-earners. They are the MEN BEHIND OUR REAL PROGRESS, and THEIR HOME PRODUCTS should merit YOUR HOME PATRONAGE.

American National Bank

Richmond, Virginia.

Capital and Surplus, - - - \$1,600,000.00

RICHMOND MAKES  
MOST CIGARETTES

Leads Cities of United States in  
Manufacture of Popular  
Dopesticks.

COLLECTS \$7,027,140.69

Commissioner's Report Ranks  
Lowry's Office Fifteenth in  
Point of Receipts.

Richmond leads the cities of the United States in the manufacture of cigarettes. According to the annual report of the commissioner of internal revenue, just made public, there were manufactured in the second revenue district of Virginia during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1912, 2,326,502,825 cigarettes, or twenty-six for each man, woman and child in the United States.

While the figures are for the Second Virginia District, that concern Richmond almost exclusively, for this city has practically all the cigarette-making business of the district. The relative standing of the cigarette-making cities of the country at the end of the fiscal year will probably show Richmond at the head of the parade, because of the large increase in the consumption of several popular brands manufactured exclusively in this city.

**Shows Large Increase.** While the past year saw large increases in the output of both cigars and cigarettes, the latter took the lead by a large margin. According to the report, 134,985,554 more cigarettes were manufactured in the United States during the past fiscal year than in the year preceding. The increase was more than 20 per cent. Compared with this gain, the cigar-making industry showed an increase of only 11 per cent.

Despite adverse legislation in many states, the consumption of cigarettes is on the increase, and is evidenced by a corresponding increase in production. To some extent this is due to the extensive advertising of rival brands of cigarettes following the dismemberment of the American Tobacco Company by the Supreme Court.

The organization in this State recently of the \$20,000,000 Tobacco Products Corporation for the manufacture of cigarettes and allied products, indicates a still larger consumption of cigarettes in the future. One of the big companies making in this city a Turkish cigarette, which is sold over every counter in the United States, will it is reported, spend more than \$500,000 in the next few months in further advertising its product.

**Some Cigars Too.** In the production of little cigars, weighing not more than three pounds each, the State of Virginia ranked third with 212,747,230 to its credit. Maryland manufactured 535,427,680, and Pennsylvania, 332,864,240.

North Carolina led in the production of chewing and smoking tobacco, the report showing that 88,822,092 pounds of the weed were prepared in the Old North State. Missouri was next, with 1,513,125; Ohio third, with 42,650,356; Kentucky fourth, with 35,113,187; Virginia fifth, with 29,915,595, and New Jersey sixth, with 29,749,544 pounds.

While the second revenue district of Virginia led in the manufacture of cigarettes, the State as a whole fell behind New York. The Empire State was first with an output of 5,705,930,321. Virginia was second with 2,348,455,425, and North Carolina third, with 1,398,564,000.

## Lowry Collected \$7,027,140.69

The report shows that Collector M. K. Lowry, of the local revenue office, reported receipts for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1912, amounting to \$7,027,140.69. There are sixty-seven collection districts in the United States, and the second Virginia ranked fifteenth with receipts totaling \$7,027,140.69.

Along up his sketch of the year's revenue operations, Commissioner Royal La Cabel says:

"The fiscal year 1912 witnessed a record production of distilled spirits and a large increase in the withdrawal of distilled spirits; there was also an increase in the amount of tobacco and snuff manufactured, an enormous increase in cigarettes, a slight decrease in the production of beer, a slight decrease in corporation tax assessments, and a considerable increase in the manufacture of oleomargarine."

## FINED \$100 EACH

Proprietors of Gambling Houses Enter Pleas

Pleading guilty to charges of maintaining gambling houses, Chris Evensen, proprietor of the Manhattan Club, 42 East Broad street, and J. W. Butler, president of the Flag and Eagle Social Club, 31 North Fifth Street, were fined today and costs each yesterday morning in Police Court by Judge Phelps and Thomas Drummond, also officers of the Flag and Eagle Club, who were arrested with Butler, were dismissed.

The plea of guilty was entered with the consent of Commonwealth's Attorney Folkes and Chief of Police Werner, with the understanding that there would be no jail sentence. Crutchfield was not inclined to dismiss Phelps and Drummond. Detective Gentry, one of the officers who raided the club, explained to him that he was of the opinion that to the only Butler would be ample punishment. Justice Crutchfield was finally persuaded to look at it from this point of view and dismissed Phelps and Drummond.

Men who were arrested in the clubs at the time of the raids were dismissed.

## Take Advantage of These Special Purchases

Suits and overcoats worth up to \$28  
At \$15.00 each

Boys suits, overcoats and reefers at  
Reduced Prices

Every desirable shade and fabric

## Gans-Rady Company

ANOTHER CHANCE  
TO YOUNG LAWYERS

Special Law Examination for  
Many Men Who Failed to  
Get License.

Because of the tremendously large number of failures of applicants at recent examinations, the State Board of Law Examiners has determined upon a proceeding without precedent in Virginia. It has decided to hold a special examination, to be limited to men who have failed once, two, three or more times to pass the test. Men who failed for the first time at the recent November examination will be barred, as will be all those who have never yet applied. It will be held at the Capitol January 15.

The big percentage of failures at the examination of last June in Roanoke was the talk of the State at the time, particularly in reference to some institutions whence the applicants came. Of 111 applicants, only fifty-two were awarded certificates, sixty-two men especially trained for this purpose having failed.

At the November session the proportion of those who "fell down" was even greater, only fifteen out of forty-seven having passed. This is rather to be expected, since the autumn examination is usually taken largely by under-graduates.

Nore of those failing in June entered the November trial, since the law requires that six months must elapse in the case of each man.

It cannot be said that the board contemplates trying to make smoother sailing so as to admit the young men who have failed to make the required grade. It is intended to be simply one more chance in the midseason.

More than thinks the men and the schools are to blame for the many failures; the men think it is the board.

Anyway, only sixty-seven of 161 applicants passed in 1912.

CLAUDE MAY DIE  
TEN YEARS HENCE

Lawyers Figure He Must Serve  
Prison Term Before  
Electrocution.

One new point being examined and developed by the latest attorneys for the Allen who are condemned to die is that Claude Allen cannot be sentenced legally to electrocution until after he has completed his prison sentence of fifteen years, first imposed upon him for the murder of Judge Thornton L. Massie. This will probably be made part of the petition for rehearing, which will be a few days be filed with the Supreme Court of Appeals.

The position taken is altogether novel. It is based on the old common-law principle that a man convicted of two crimes cannot be sentenced for the second for which he is tried until he has completed the first penalty. No case has been made in this by statute, so far as H. M. Smith, Jr., one of the lawyers, has been able to find.

Claude Allen was first tried for killing Judge Massie, an act which his father's lawyer, Judge D. W. Holen, says he committed. For this he was given fifteen years in the State Penitentiary. It is not contended by Mr. Smith and Mr. Byrd that he could not be immediately tried again, as he was, for the murder of another man, under a different indictment, but it is contended that he could not be sentenced to death as a result of the second trial until he had first served his original penalty of imprisonment. If this be correct and if this view is sustained by the Supreme Court, Claude Allen will begin his penitentiary sentence. If he earns time off for good behavior he may be electrocuted ten years or so hence.

Petitions having, of course, proved worthless, and appeals based on alleged "facts," really statements by the Allen, having been of no avail, legal points are now being invoked to try to save the lives of the two murderers. The attorneys are working hard on the case.

## WHERE IS "MARIETTA?"

Police Asked to Look for Prized Maltreated Cat, Thought to Be Stray.

Miss Fickett, No. 21 Lombardy, had stolen a Maltreated cat, small patch of white hair on throat, yellow eyes, answers to the name of "Marietta." Stolen by stout colored boy.

That brief description appeared yesterday afternoon on the daily bulletin of the police department, which is distributed to every policeman. It means that the entire machinery of the department was set to work in an effort to find the cat, an animal highly prized by the owner.

A report of the missing pussy was made Friday to Clerk Toler at headquarters, and he failed to mention the matter on the bulletin of that day. A second visit was paid to headquarters yesterday by Miss Fickett, and this time she impressed the case upon Captain Detectives McMahon. The latter assured her that the report would at once be placed on the bulletin, and directed Tier to see that the next bulletin reported the case of the stolen "Marietta."

**Court in Conference.**

No sessions were held yesterday in the United States Circuit Court of Appeals. Following the usual practice on Saturdays, the court devoted the day to conference.

Attorney Wyndham R. Meredith presented resolutions adopted recently by the Richmond Bar Association upon the death of Charles K. Stringfellow, which occurred on October 17. The resolutions were ordered spread on the court records.

**State Bond Transfer Closes.**

State debt books in the office of the Auditor were closed yesterday for transfers of registered bonds. The semi-annual transfer of bonds from the State to the city is a definite time for clearing records of transfers, so as to make out the checks and balance the accounts.

MILITIA PAY BILL  
MAY FAIL AGAIN

Richmond Hears That "Unopposed" Measure Will Be  
Shelved Once More.

After the tumult and the shouting have died, and the captains and the generals have departed from the National Guard convention in Norfolk, there comes a whisper down from Washington that after all it is improbable that the militia pay bill will be passed at the present session of Congress.

It was given as a potent reason for attending this convention that when it was over the officers in attendance might tie themselves to Washington, where a little urging with the member of Congress would insure success of the measure. The guardians seem to have been lacking in force as lobbyists.

The bill providing for service pay for the organized militia of the several States, based on the attendance at weekly drills, has the unanimous approval of the National Guard Association, has been accepted by the Secretary of War and has the heartiest sort of indorsement from President Taft in his annual message. When it failed to pass last session it was said that it would certainly pass this winter. The national campaign was given as a reason why the Democratic majority in the House and the Republican majority in the Senate did not wish to tackle the question until after the election.

Now it is said that with the congestion of legislation which must be disposed of before March 4, 1913, the two or three Senators known to be opposed to the bill may prevent its passage. It is not suggested what the National Guard people will do next.

## KNIGHTS OF KHORASSAN

Beni-Mora Temple Will Elect Officers Wednesday Night.

Knights of Khorassan, will hold its annual election of officers on Wednesday night in Fraternity Hall. The meeting will be the most important of the entire year. Reports showing the work done during the last twelve months will be made, and other important business transacted.

The present officers of the lodge are: Charles O. Saville, imperial warab; Ben A. Ruffin, royal visitor; Leon C. Steele, grand emir; John B. Lightfoot, Jr., maitre; James T. Haller, scribe; John W. Sarker, secretary; Donald C. Hancock, treasurer; William L. Edsall, entrap; W. R. Walker, salub.

**Held for Grand Jury.**

W. B. Thomas was held for the grand jury yesterday morning in Police Court on a charge of entering the dwelling of J. M. C. Ramsey and stealing an overcoat and hat.

## Panama Canal

Venezuela, Trinidad, the Barbadoes and Bermuda are included in the itinerary of the

## Special Cruises—

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From New Orleans, \$125 and up  
From Key West, \$110 and up

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